

Dealing cases under wet /paddy Lands



- ◎ **Conservation of paddy land & wet land Act & Rules, 2008**
- ◎ **Essential commodities Act 1955**
- ◎ **Kerala land Utilization order 1968**



Definition

- Paddy Land- Land suitable for paddy cultivation but uncultivated fallow
- Wet Land- Land lying between terrestrial and aquatic system where standing waters and moving



Committee (Sec 5)

- Local Level Monitoring Committee
- District Level Authorized Committee
- State Level Committee



Local Level Monitoring Committee

- Chairman - President/Chairperson of LSGD
- Convener - Agricultural Officer (Reporting Officer)
- Official Member- Village Officer
- Non Official - 3 Farmers nominated by the DC



Functions of the LLMC

- Preparation of Data Bank
- Inspection of Paddy Land
- Promotion and protection of paddy cultivation
- Examine the complaints
- Recommendation to DLC or SLC



Distinct Level Committee

- Chairman - Revenue Divisional Officer
- Convener - Principal Agricultural Officer
- Non Official - 3 nominated Farmers



Powers of DLC

- Take decision for the purpose of residential purpose with in 30 days
- Permissible to 10 cent in Panchayat
- Permissible to 5 cent in Municipalities/
Corporations



State Level Committee

- Convener - Agricultural Production Commissioner
- Official - Land Revenue Commissioner
- Member - An Expert in the field of environment



Functions of the SLC

- Scrutinize each application for public purpose
- submit the report to Government



Authorised officer (Sec 12)

- Not below the rank of village officer
- Enter any place under this Act
- Prevent illegal conversion
- Seize vehicle, vessels tools etc
- Take photographs , inventories and evidence
- initiate legal proceedings



Power of the DC (Sec 13& 20)

- Direct to restore the original position
- Impose penalty
- Confiscation of vessels, Vehicles ,etc
- Hearing the person is mandatory



Appeal (Sec 21)

- Appeal- - To Distinct Court
- Time for Appeal - Against the seized articles with in 30 days
- Note: Government has the power to exemption



Penalty (Sec 23)

- Imprisonment up to 2 years(CJM)
- Impose fine Rs.50000/- to Rs.100000/-



Section 3A

- ⦿ Regularization of paddy fields not included in the data bank
- ⦿ Cancelled this order in the interim-budget 2016-2017



Thank You

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